Tom Sawyer's Fence adapted from the story by Mark Twain

| Tom Sawyer looked at the fence and all gladness left him. Instead of enjoying his | 15 | | | |
|---|-----|--|--|--|
| Saturday, Tom had to whitewash the fence. With a sigh he dipped his brush into the | 31 | | | |
| bucket and passed it along the first board. Tom knew the other boys would tease | 46 | | | |
| him for having to work and the thought burned him like fire. Soon Tom heard Ben | | | | |
| coming along. Tom ignored him. "I'm going swimming," Ben said. "But of course you'd | | | | |
| rather work!" Tom thought a minute then said, "What do you call work?" Ben | | | | |
| couldn't believe what he was hearing. "You mean that you <i>like</i> it?" Tom swept his | | | | |
| brush back and forth. Ben was getting very interested. "Say, Tom, let <i>me</i> whitewash a | | | | |
| little." "No," said Tom, "There isn't one boy in a thousand that can do it the right | | | | |
| way." Ben pleaded, "Let me try! Just a little. I'll give you an apple." Tom made his | 154 | | | |
| face look sad, but excitement filled his heart. Slowly he handed over the brush. | | | | |
| While Ben sweated in the sun, Tom sat in the shade and munched the apple. Other | | | | |
| boys came to tease, but stayed to whitewash. When Ben tired, Tom traded the next | | | | |
| chance to Billy for a kite—and so on. By afternoon, Tom owned twelve marbles, a bit | | | | |
| of chalk, a piece of blue glass, a knife handle, a couple tadpoles, a doorknob, a tin | 233 | | | |
| soldier, and a key that didn't unlock anything. He had enjoyed a nice, lazy afternoon | | | | |
| and the fence had three coats of whitewash on it! If he hadn't run out of whitewash, | | | | |
| he'd have charged every boy in the village for the chance to paint his fence! | | | | |

| | day 1 | day 2 | day 3 | day 4 |
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| words read in 1 minute | | | | |
| – number of mistakes | | | | |
| = total words read correctly | | | | |
| adult initials | | | | |

Parent Tips

Bold or italic type, commas, exclamation marks, and type size are used to signal the reader that the meaning of those words is particularly important. This meaning should be emphasized during oral reading. Encourage your student to pay attention to the italics in this week's story. Ask how the emphasized words help her better understand the text.

- 1. What happened in the beginning?
 - o Tom felt excited.
 - o Ben ate an apple.
 - o Tom felt bad.
- 2. What happened in the middle?
 - o The boys painted for Tom.
 - o Tom went swimming.
 - o Tom whitewashed the fence.
- 3. What happened at the end?
 - o All the boys went fishing.
 - o Tom enjoyed the afternoon.
 - o Tom felt bad about the fence.



4. Do you think Tom tricked the boys or was he being nice letting them have a turn whitewashing the fence? How do you know?