**Science Study sheet, chapter 7**

Glacier: a huge mass of slowly moving ice

Weathering: breakdown of rocks by wind and water

Delta: the flat plain where a river deposits soil

Bay: partly enclosed body of water leading to sea

Deposition: natural laying down or settling of a substance

Headland: a point of land jutting into a body of water

River system: the largest river and all the waterways that drain into it

Erratic: a single boulder moved by a glacier and deposited when the glacier melts

Moraine: debris carried and deposited by a glacier

Sand dune: a hill or pile of sand that was formed by the wind

Erosion: natural wearing away of the earth's surface